



EXAMEN RESUELTO Y EXPLICADO

Inglés

UNED Acceso 25 y 45.

Convocatoria de Mayo-Junio 2022 resuelta pregunta a pregunta, con la respuesta correcta señalada y una explicación breve de cada una.

20

preguntas

Mayo-Junio 2022

convocatoria

Modelo H

NORMAS DEL EXAMEN

PUNTUACIÓN: 20 preguntas de 0,5 puntos. Las respuestas en blanco o incorrectas no restan puntos.

I. COMPRENSIÓN LECTORA

Psychology can be defined as the study of mental processes and behaviour. The term comes from the Greek words psyche, meaning "breath, spirit, soul," and logia, meaning "study of." Psychology has not always existed as it has today. In fact, it is considered a relatively young discipline, although as one eminent psychologist explained, it has a short past but a long history. It emerged from biology and philosophy and is closely linked to other disciplines including sociology, medicine, linguistics, and anthropology, although nowadays it is a science in itself.

Psychology has quickly grown to play a tremendous role in the world today. Psychologists are employed in hospitals, mental health clinics, schools, colleges and universities, government agencies, private businesses, and private practices. They perform many different tasks and roles, from treating mental illness, performing research on a wide range of areas to influencing public health policy.

Psychology is a source of fascination for many people. By learning about the basics of behaviour and the human mind, people are able to gain a greater understanding of themselves and others. Psychologists also play a vital role in health care by caring for individuals experiencing mental health problems, investigating treatment options, and teaching patients how to manage their symptoms effectively.

For some people, an interest in psychology starts from a desire to continue a career in the field. Others may simply want to learn more out of curiosity or because they are thinking about consulting a psychologist for help with a health concern. No matter what the reason, building a better understanding of topics such as emotion, motivation, cognition, love, communication, and research methods will serve you well.

1 According to the text, psychology as we know it today is...

a. quite a recent science.

✓ CORRECTA

b. a discipline which has been like today for many centuries.

c. just a combination of several disciplines.

Por que: El texto dice que la psicología es "a relatively young discipline" con "a short past but a long history" — es decir, tal y como la conocemos hoy es bastante reciente, no lleva siglos igual ni es solo una combinación de otras disciplinas (aunque surgió de ellas, hoy es "a science in itself").

2 Check the option that best matches the meaning of the expression “a wide range of areas” in the second paragraph.

a. A limited number of topics.

b. Very specific aspects.

c. Many different fields.

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: “A wide range of areas” significa un abanico amplio y variado de campos, lo contrario de un número limitado o de aspectos muy específicos.

3 Which of these expressions is the best synonym for “caring for” in the third paragraph?

a. Looking for.

b. Looking after.

✓ CORRECTA

c. Looking up to.

Por que: “Caring for” (cuidar de alguien) equivale a “looking after” (cuidar/atender a alguien). “Looking for” es “buscar” y “looking up to” es “admirar a alguien”.

4 Which of these statements is NOT true, according to the text?

a. We can learn a lot about ourselves by studying the basic ideas of psychology.

b. Psychologists work mostly in mental health clinics.

✓ CORRECTA

c. Psychology is related to several other areas of study.

Por que: El texto enumera muchos lugares donde trabajan los psicólogos (hospitales, clínicas, colegios, universidades, empresas, administraciones...), no dice que trabajen “sobre todo” en clínicas de salud mental — eso es una afirmación no respaldada por el texto.

5 In the last paragraph, the author...

a. recommends psychology as an interesting discipline for everybody.

✓ CORRECTA

b. indicates psychology only for people who want to become professional psychologists.

c. thinks a lot of people are interested in psychology for the wrong reasons.

Por que: El texto dice que entender mejor temas como la emoción, la motivación o la comunicación “will serve you well” sea cual sea el motivo (carrera profesional, curiosidad o consulta personal), es decir, lo presenta como valioso para cualquiera, no solo para futuros profesionales.

6 His wife entered ____ own bedroom and took the box with ____.

a. theirs/her

b. their/she

c. their/her

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: “Their own bedroom” es el adjetivo posesivo (su propio dormitorio) y “with her” es el pronombre objeto tras la preposición “with”.

7 Jenny has a bad headache. Does she want my advice? She ____ call emergencies.

a. need

b. have got to

c. should

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: “Should” es el modal correcto para dar un consejo (debería llamar a emergencias). “Need” está mal conjugado en tercera persona y “have got to” expresa obligación más fuerte, no un consejo.

8 ____ many high street banks in the UK.

a. There is

b. There are

✓ CORRECTA

c. There be

Por que: "Many high street banks" es plural, así que corresponde "there are", no "there is".

9 The children usually added ____ ham to their cheese and bacon sandwiches.

a. some

✓ CORRECTA

b. a few

c. a lot

Por que: "Ham" es un sustantivo incontable, así que corresponde "some". "A few" se usa con contables y "a lot" necesitaría "of" (a lot of).

10 At school we have a(n) ____ for lunch at 1:00 p.m.

a. interval

b. stop

c. break

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: "Break" es la palabra habitual para el descanso/recreo en el colegio. "Interval" se usa más en contextos como el teatro y "stop" es una parada, no un descanso.

11 The morning boat reached Aberdeen ____ 6 p.m. ____ the evening.

a. on/on

b. on/at

c. at/in

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: Con horas se usa "at" (at 6 p.m.) y con partes del día como "the evening" se usa "in" (in the evening).

12 Sutton Manor is ____ house of all.

a. the biggest

✓ CORRECTA

b. most big

c. the most bigger

Por que: "Big" es un adjetivo corto, así que su superlativo se forma con "the + adjetivo + est": "the biggest". Las otras dos son formas incorrectas.

13 If her student ended the exam early, we ____ work together later on.

a. would leave

✓ CORRECTA

b. will leave

c. left

Por que: Es un segundo condicional (hipotético/poco probable): "if" + pasado simple ("ended") en la condición, y "would" + infinitivo ("would leave") en la consecuencia. "Will leave" correspondería a un primer condicional (con presente en la condición, no pasado) y "left" no es una forma verbal válida ahí.

14 Seleccione la oración pasiva correcta:

a. The shop has been refurbished this afternoon.

✓ CORRECTA

b. The shop has been refurbish this afternoon.

c. The shop has being refurbished this afternoon.

Por que: La pasiva de presente perfecto se forma con "has been" + participio: "has been refurbished". Las otras dos opciones tienen formas verbales incorrectas.

15 This is the girl to ____ my brother is engaged.

a. which

b. that

c. whom

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: Tras una preposición ("to") y refiriéndose a una persona, el pronombre relativo correcto es "whom". "Which" es para cosas y "that" no se usa directamente tras preposición.

16 People ____ thinking about that all the time.

a. is

b. are

✓ CORRECTA

c. was

Por que: "People" se trata gramaticalmente como plural en inglés, así que corresponde "are", no "is" ni "was".

17 The policeman was ____ a proof of life.

a. looked up

b. look after

c. looking for

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: "Looking for" (buscando) encaja con el pasado continuo tras "was" y con el sentido de la frase: el policía estaba buscando una prueba de vida.

18 Last Monday her Polish friend ____ dancing before the DJ ____ her.

a. started/asked

✓ CORRECTA

b. start/asked

c. started/ask

Por que: "Last Monday" sitúa ambas acciones en pasado simple: "started" y "asked".

19 Choose the correct order of the words to complete the sentence: These are my cousin and his wife. My cousin and his wife have a dog named Terry. Terry is ____.

a. my cousin and his wife' dog

b. my cousin and his wife's dog

✓ CORRECTA

c. my cousin and his wife dog

Por que: Cuando la posesión es compartida entre dos personas, el genitivo sajón se añade solo al último elemento: "my cousin and his wife's dog".

20 Choose the correct order of the words to complete the sentence: usually/in the/ building/reads /she/ newspaper /the

a. in the building she reads the newspaper usually

b. she reads usually in the newspaper the building

c. she usually reads the newspaper in the building

✓ CORRECTA

Por que: El orden natural es: sujeto (she) + adverbio de frecuencia (usually) + verbo (reads) + objeto (the newspaper) + lugar (in the building).

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